EMS Scopes of Practice
Includes IDPH additional Standards exceeding the National EMS Education Standards and National Scope of Practice Model as adopted by Region IX EMS MDs

See local policies/ procedures for details	EMR	EMT [BLS]	Paramedic/PHRN [BLS + ALS]
Monitoring	Blood pressure (manual)     Apply an appropriate pulse oximetry (SpO <sub>2</sub> ) sensor     Blood glucose	<ul> <li>Blood pressure (automated)</li> <li>Capnography monitoring</li> <li>Interpret SpO<sub>2</sub> findings</li> </ul>	Blood chemistry analysis (point of care testing
Airway/ventilatory management Oxygen delivery	BLS manual airway maneuvers, OPA/NPA Mouth to barrier /mask vent. Airway obstruction – manual dislodgement techniques O2: NC, NRM, BVM Suctioning: upper airway	<ul> <li>Suctioning: Tracheal via ETT</li> <li>O<sub>2</sub>: simple face mask, <u>Venturi</u> mask; BiPAP, CPAP, PEEP</li> <li>Occlusive dressing applied to a penetrating chest wound</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Magill forceps for airway FB removal</li> <li>Suctioning: Trach and stoma</li> <li>Trach tube replacement through stoma</li> <li>Intubation: Adult (bougie)</li> <li>Extraglottic airways</li> <li>Needle/surgical cricothyrotomy</li> <li>Use of transport ventilators</li> <li>Needle pleural decompression</li> </ul>
Circulatory/cardiac mgt Vascular access	Quality CPR     Defibrillation: automated, semi-automated     Hemorrhage control: direct pressure; wound packing (hemostatic gauze/agents), tourniquet	ECG limb lead application     12 L ECG acquisition & transmission to OLMC     Mechanical CPR device     Spiking IV bag; priming tubing for vascular access	<ul> <li>ECG rhythm &amp; 12 L interpretation</li> <li>Defibrillation (manual); synchronized cardioversion</li> <li>Transcutaneous pacing</li> <li>Venous blood sampling</li> <li>Vascular access: peripheral veins, IO (adult &amp; peds)</li> <li>Accessing central venous devices already placed based on OLMC</li> </ul>
Psychomotor skills	<ul> <li>Manual spine motion restr</li> <li>C-collar; spine board</li> <li>Extremity stabilization (manual)/splinting</li> <li>Emerg. moves for endangered pts.</li> <li>Assisted OB delivery</li> <li>Eye irrigation (manual)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monitoring of OG/NG tube already inserted</li> <li>Splinting: traction</li> <li>Bandaging</li> <li>Assisted complicated OB delivery</li> <li>Mechanical restraints</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eye irrigation w/ Morgan lens</li> <li>Assess JVD &amp; pulsations</li> <li>Targeted temperature mgt after ROSC</li> <li>ALS burn care</li> <li>Protective equipment removal</li> <li>Monitoring indwelling urinary catheter already placed</li> </ul>
	Preparation a	nd administration of drugs by ro	outes listed for all ages
Pharmacology Medication administration	<ul> <li>ASA for chest pain PO</li> <li>Oral glucose/glucose paste</li> <li>Epinephrine: Assisted administration of pt's autoinjector</li> <li>Epinephrine autoinjector</li> <li>Naloxone IN; autoinjector IM</li> </ul>	Acetaminophen PO     Albuterol nebulized     Calcium gluconate gel     Diphenhydramine PO     Ipratropium bromide nebulized     Epinephrine (1mg/1mL) IM from ampule or vial     Glucagon IN or IM     Mark I/DuoDote autoinjector     Naloxone IN & IM     NTG (chest pain w/ suspected ischemia     Ondansetron ODT     Immunizations during a public health emergency  ulative from EMR to Paramedic	PO, IN, IM, SUBQ, IVP, IVPB, IO, SL, topical, IR depending on drug  Adenosine; amiodarone  Atropine sulfate  Benzodiazepines  Cyanide antidotes  Dextrose 10% IVPB; dopamine  Diphenhydramine  Epinephrine all concentrations  Etomidate/ketamine  Fentanyl, Ketorolac, morphine, IV acetaminophen  Furosemide  Lidocaine 2%  Magnesium sulfate  Naloxone; norepinephrine, NTG  Ondansetron  Sodium bicarbonate  Steroids  Tetracaine ophthalmic solution  Tranexamic acid (TXA)
	Principle of Sum		Verapamil