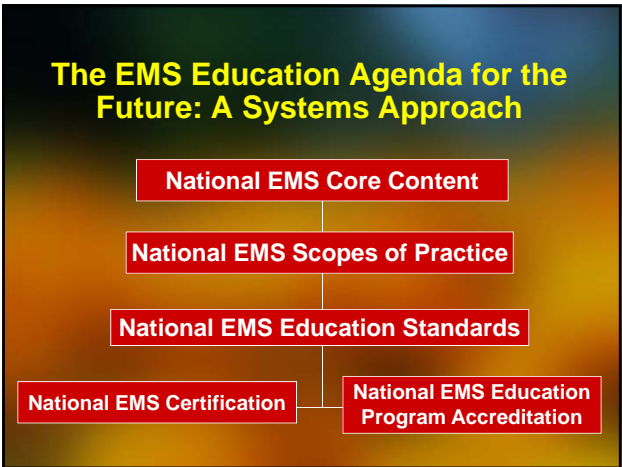
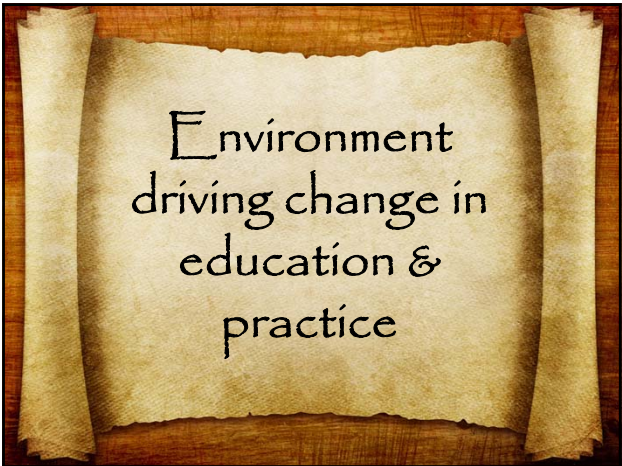


Content

- Environment driving change in education & practice
- Aligning with national Education Standards; move to universal accreditation
- Defining instructional outcomes; domains of learning; expected competencies of professional education
- Scopes of practice; educator resources
- Learning contracts; lesson plans; competency affirmation; outcome reports
- Lead instructors; NAEMSE courses
- Testing and measurement: creating valid tests; NREMT or state exam options



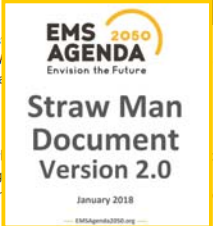
EMS

2050

AGENDA

Envision the Future

EMS Agenda 2050 is a collaborative and inclusive two-year project to create a bold plan for the next several decades. EMS Agenda 2050 will solicit feedback from members of the EMS community to write a new Agenda for the Future that envisions innovative possibilities to advance EMS systems.



History

Twenty years ago, pioneers and leaders in the EMS industry and evidence-based systems in the EMS community worked tirelessly to fulfill the vision set out in that landmark document.

What's Happening Now

Throughout 2017 and 2018, the EMS community will work on the future of EMS. Community members, stakeholder organizations, and government agencies are encouraged to get involved in writing a new Agenda for the next thirty years of EMS system advancement.

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About EMS Agenda 2050	3
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— EMSAgenda2050.org —

Straw Man # 2

What else is driving changes in the State planning?

EMS 3.0 Summit

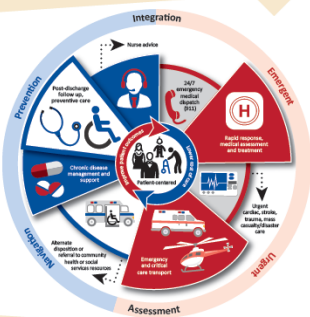
Tuesday, April 10, 2018 (full-day program with luncheon) - Hilton Crystal City, Arlington, Virginia

Learn strategies to navigate healthcare change. Integrated, value-based patient care is the cornerstone of our evolving healthcare system. To thrive, EMS agencies must expand their services to provide the full spectrum of out-of-hospital patient care - emergent, urgent and preventive.

This year's Summit will present "profiles in courage" case studies of EMS agencies that have expanded their services. Lessons learned including best practices, as well as pitfalls and challenges, will be discussed. Hear directly from EMS leaders who have made the 3.0 model work for their agencies and communities.

EMS 3.0

Our nation's healthcare system is transforming from a fee-for-service model to a patient-centered, value and outcomes-based model. Known as "Transforming EMS," this model is a continuum of care that integrates the full spectrum of patient care experiences, from preventive health, to acute care, to end-of-life care.



Prevention: Pre-discharge planning, preventive care, Chronic disease management and support, Patient-centered care, Mental diagnosis or treatment, Health or social services location

Integration: 24/7 Integrated Medical Support (EMS), Rapid response, medical assessment and treatment, Urgent care, stable, home care, end-of-life care

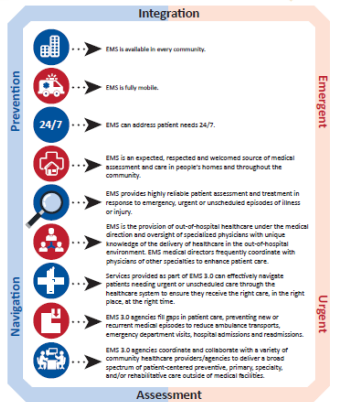
Assessment: Emergency care transport

End of Life: End of life care

EMS is uniquely positioned to support our nation's healthcare transformation by assessing and navigating patients to the right care, in the right place, at the right time. EMS 3.0 can help our nation achieve its healthcare goals.

NAEMT

EMS 3.0 can help transform our nation's healthcare system by filling gaps in the care continuum with 24/7 medical resources that improve the patient care experience, improve population health, and reduce healthcare expenditures. Here's how:



Prevention: EMS is available in every community, EMS is fully mobile, EMS can address patient needs 24/7, EMS is an expected, respected and welcomed source of medical assessment and care in people's homes and throughout the community, EMS provides highly reliable patient assessment and treatment in response to emergency, urgent or unscheduled episodes of illness or injury, EMS is the provision of out-of-hospital healthcare under the medical direction and oversight of licensed physicians with unique knowledge of the delivery of healthcare in the out-of-hospital environment, EMS medical directors frequently coordinate with physicians of other specialties to enhance patient care, Services provided as part of EMS 3.0 can effectively manage patients needing urgent or unscheduled care through the healthcare system to ensure they receive the right care, in the right place, at the right time, EMS 3.0 agencies fill gaps in patient care, preventing new or recurrent medical episodes to reduce ambulance transports, emergency department visits, hospital admissions and readmissions, EMS 3.0 agencies coordinate and collaborate with a variety of community healthcare providers/agencies to deliver a broad spectrum of patient-centered preventive, primary, specialty, and/or rehabilitative care outside of medical facilities.

Integration: EMS is available in every community, EMS is fully mobile, EMS can address patient needs 24/7, EMS is an expected, respected and welcomed source of medical assessment and care in people's homes and throughout the community, EMS provides highly reliable patient assessment and treatment in response to emergency, urgent or unscheduled episodes of illness or injury, EMS is the provision of out-of-hospital healthcare under the medical direction and oversight of licensed physicians with unique knowledge of the delivery of healthcare in the out-of-hospital environment, EMS medical directors frequently coordinate with physicians of other specialties to enhance patient care, Services provided as part of EMS 3.0 can effectively manage patients needing urgent or unscheduled care through the healthcare system to ensure they receive the right care, in the right place, at the right time, EMS 3.0 agencies fill gaps in patient care, preventing new or recurrent medical episodes to reduce ambulance transports, emergency department visits, hospital admissions and readmissions, EMS 3.0 agencies coordinate and collaborate with a variety of community healthcare providers/agencies to deliver a broad spectrum of patient-centered preventive, primary, specialty, and/or rehabilitative care outside of medical facilities.

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End of Life: EMS is available in every community, EMS is fully mobile, EMS can address patient needs 24/7, EMS is an expected, respected and welcomed source of medical assessment and care in people's homes and throughout the community, EMS provides highly reliable patient assessment and treatment in response to emergency, urgent or unscheduled episodes of illness or injury, EMS is the provision of out-of-hospital healthcare under the medical direction and oversight of licensed physicians with unique knowledge of the delivery of healthcare in the out-of-hospital environment, EMS medical directors frequently coordinate with physicians of other specialties to enhance patient care, Services provided as part of EMS 3.0 can effectively manage patients needing urgent or unscheduled care through the healthcare system to ensure they receive the right care, in the right place, at the right time, EMS 3.0 agencies fill gaps in patient care, preventing new or recurrent medical episodes to reduce ambulance transports, emergency department visits, hospital admissions and readmissions, EMS 3.0 agencies coordinate and collaborate with a variety of community healthcare providers/agencies to deliver a broad spectrum of patient-centered preventive, primary, specialty, and/or rehabilitative care outside of medical facilities.

National EMS Scope of Practice Model Revision Project


Expert Panel

Request for Feedback!

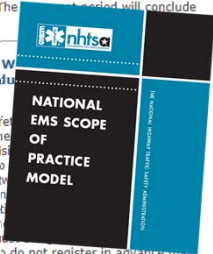
- NASEMSO Press Release: [Request for Comments on Revised Portions in the 2007 National EMS Scope of Practice Model](#) (12/12/17)
- Download: [National EMS Scope of Practice Model Revision, Draft 2](#) (12/12/17)
- Submit Comments: Feedback should be submitted [online](#). The deadline for comments will conclude at 5:00 p.m. EST on Feb. 10, 2018.

NHTSA to host March meeting at DOT Headquarters, with findings of a systematic review of literature and conduct the National EMS Scope of Practice Model (SoPM)

(02/06/18) On Mar. 5-6, 2018, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) will host a meeting at DOT Headquarters in Washington, DC. This meeting is a gathering of the subject matter expert panel for the revision of the National EMS Scope of Practice Model ("Model"). The goal of this meeting is to conduct a systematic review of the literature, public input gathered from the meeting, and conduct discussions on revising the Model. More information is available at [www.emsscopeofpractice.org](#). Time will be set aside in the meeting for registered attendees. Due to space limitations, attendance at the meeting is limited to those who register in advance. All attendees must provide identification to gain admittance to the DOT Building. Those who do not register in advance may not be admitted.



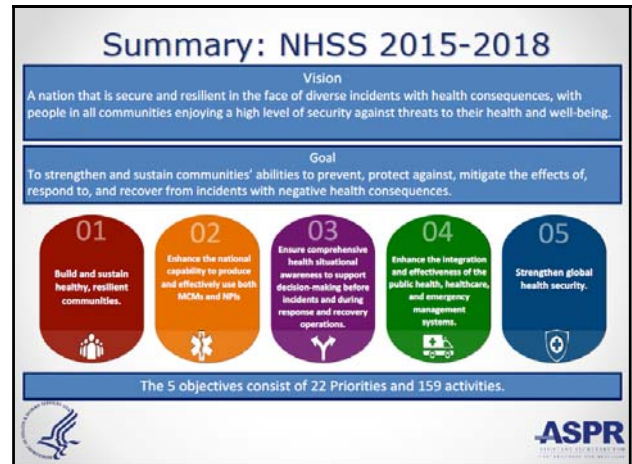
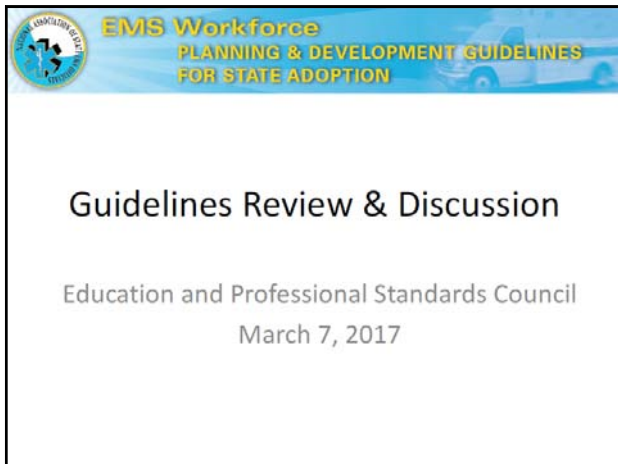
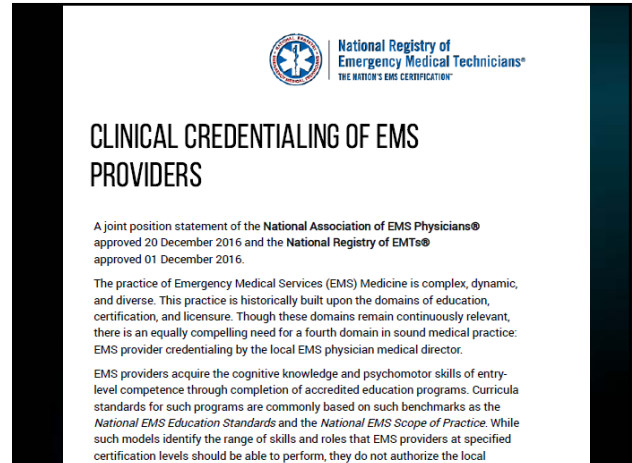
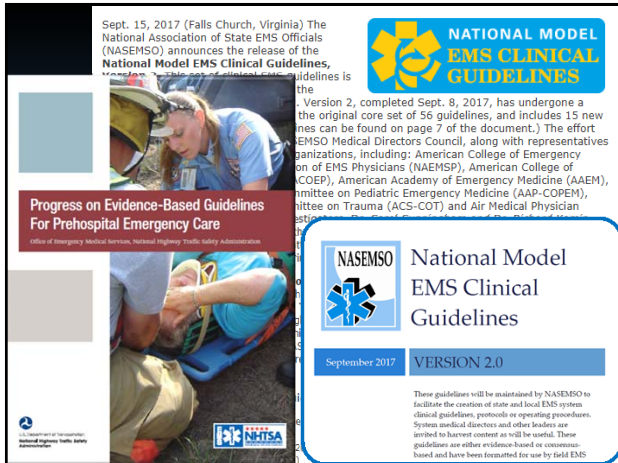
NATIONAL EMS SCOPE OF PRACTICE MODEL REVISION 2018



4

III EMS Summit 18 Education Report

Connie J. Mattera, MS, RN, EMT-P



www.ems.gov

Beyond EMS Data Collection: Envisioning an Information-Driven Future for Emergency Medical Services



2018 ESO EMS INDEX:

INSIGHTS AND BEST PRACTICES FOR EMS AGENCIES

5 KEY FINDINGS

- 94.5%** of cases, ETCOD monitoring was received after advanced airway placement.
- 50%** of situations in a complete stroke assessment documented for a primary impression of stroke.
- 12%** more overdose cases reported in 2017 than strokes, despite the fact that paramedics are reporting the last five years.
- 28%** more new cases reported in 2017 than strokes, despite the fact that paramedics are reporting the last five years.
- 55.3%** of the reported cases of non-traumatic chest pain patients over the age of 18 received aspirin administration for chest pain.

WWW.ESOLUTIONS.COM/EHR-DEMO

NEMSIS

v3.5.0 Revision Requests
Version 3.5.0 Revision Requests Under Review

SOFTWARE DEVELOPERS
Follow the standard to implement new ePCR software products for local and state EMS systems.

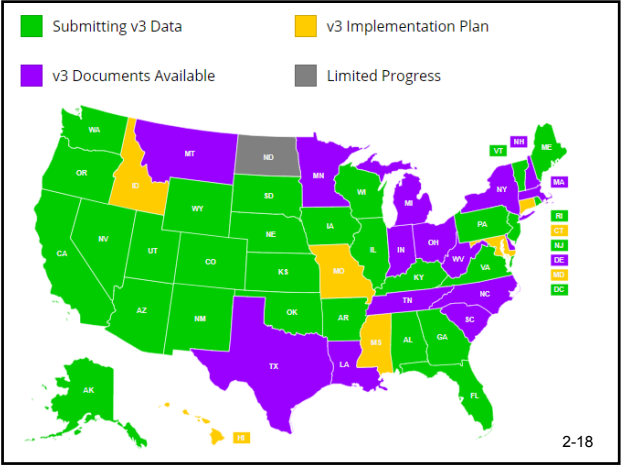
EMS EDUCATORS
Promote the importance of data quality and performance evaluation through accurate documentation.

GENERAL PUBLIC
Discover how EMS data can improve patient care nationwide.

29,919,652 EMS activations in 2016

9,993 EMS agencies in 2016

7 Minutes Fastest time from record completion to National Database arrival



Paramedic roles evolving



Advances in technology, costs, reimbursement, value-based care, need for integration, trends in patient populations (increasing # elderly) are rapidly driving change

What does this add up to?

More **HOME** Less **HOSPITAL**



Paramedics are key links to bridge hospital and out-of-hospital care transitions

How are we preparing for this?


Coordinate care for all persons using multi-disciplinary teams including Mobile Integrated Healthcare (MIH) and Community Paramedics (CPs)

EMS AT THE HEALTHCARE TABLE



New paradigm in healthcare

Provide the **right care**, in the **right place**, at the **right time** based on **person needs & choice**, and at the **right cost**

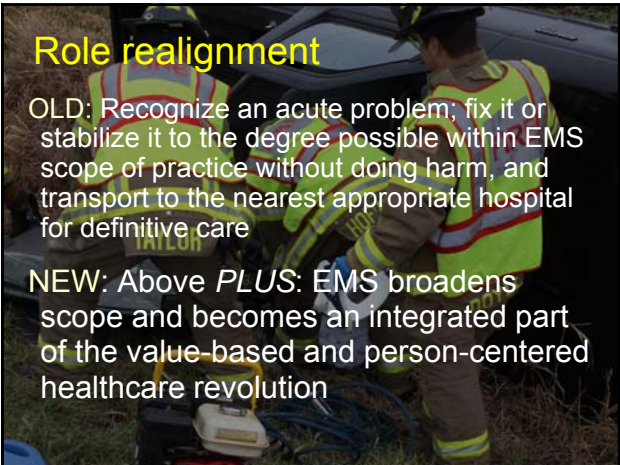


So, EMS education must change with the times and emphasize the integration of EMS within the overall health care system

Role realignment

OLD: Recognize an acute problem; fix it or stabilize it to the degree possible within EMS scope of practice without doing harm, and transport to the nearest appropriate hospital for definitive care

NEW: Above PLUS: EMS broadens scope and becomes an integrated part of the value-based and person-centered healthcare revolution



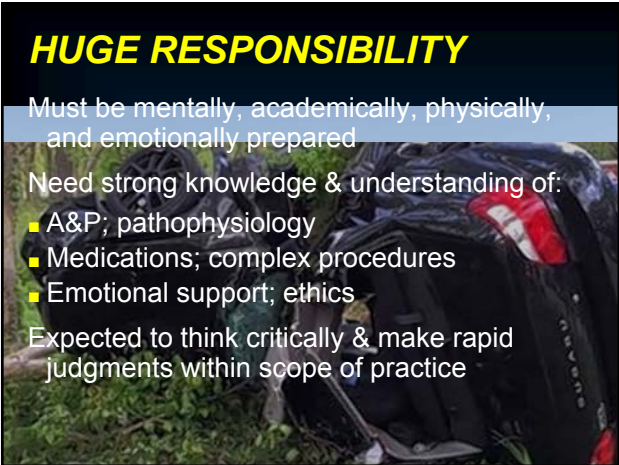
HUGE RESPONSIBILITY

Must be mentally, academically, physically, and emotionally prepared

Need strong knowledge & understanding of:

- A&P; pathophysiology
- Medications; complex procedures
- Emotional support; ethics

Expected to think critically & make rapid judgments within scope of practice



"We must become the change we want to see."

Gandhi



FICEMS
Federal Interagency Committee on EMS
STRATEGIC PLAN

Aligning
new
Illinois
EMS
Strategic
plan draft
to these
goals

The III EMS Education committee promises to proactively explore trends of the future & work with stakeholders to focus on providing forward-thinking solutions by:

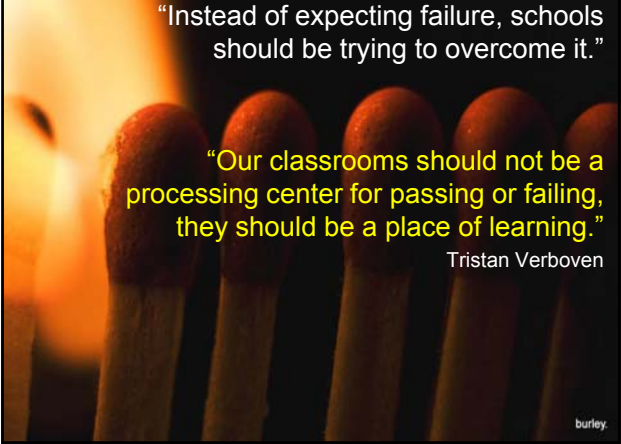
- Creating a knowledge hub via collaborative planning so we do the right things at the right level with hardwired roles and responsibilities with built-in accountability for key stakeholders.
- Inviting input & participation from EMS educators at all levels.
- Providing EMS education thought leadership.
- Providing high quality educational resources so we effectively navigate through change.
- Providing structures that encourage alignment with national guidelines and discourage outlier/counterproductive behavior.

EDUCATION
IS THE MOST
POWERFUL WEAPON
WE CAN USE
TO CHANGE THE WORLD
- NELSON MANDELA



“Instead of expecting failure, schools should be trying to overcome it.”

“Our classrooms should not be a processing center for passing or failing, they should be a place of learning.”
Tristan Verboven



Creating a climate that promotes learning is like composting

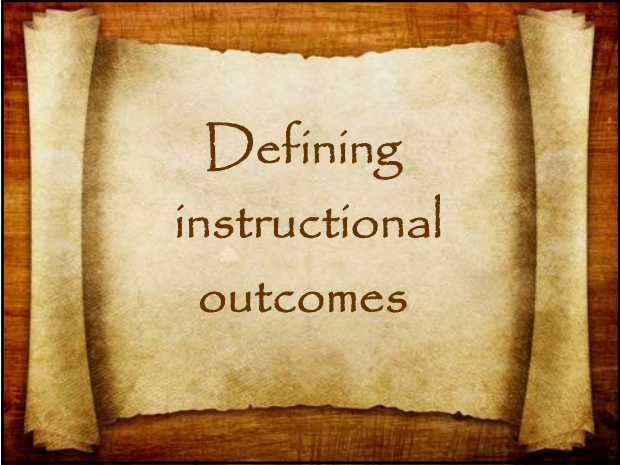
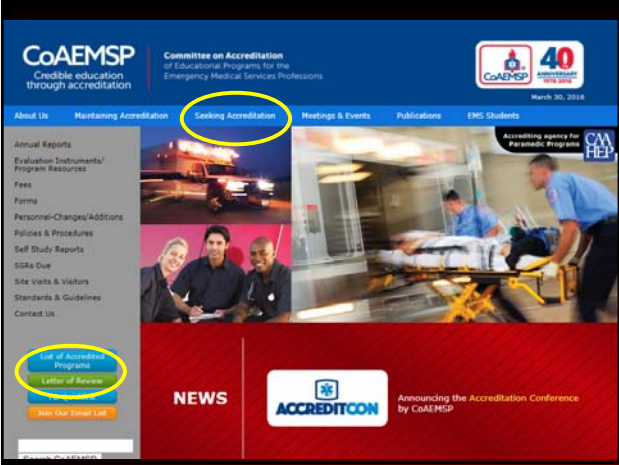
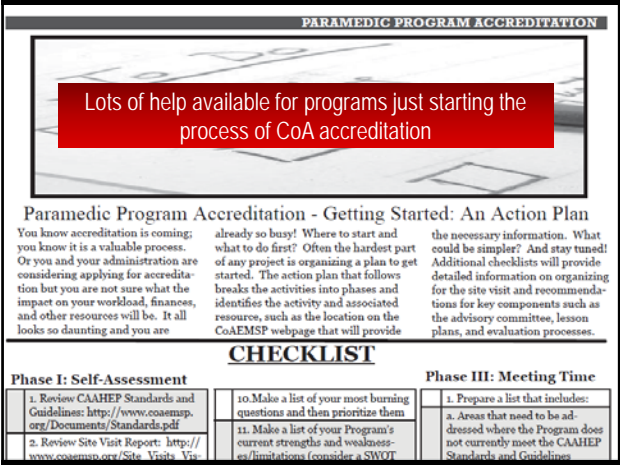
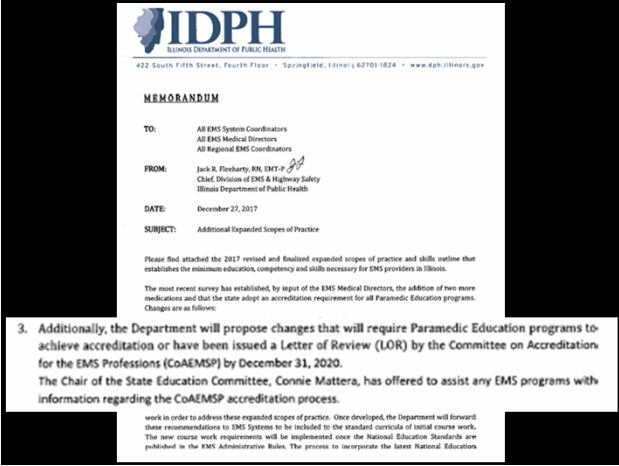


Not always glamorous,
but always worthy

Weimer, 2016

Aligning with national
Education Standards
Move to universal accreditation;
Domains of learning;
Expected competencies of
professional education





Outcome-based education

Bridge to developing:

- Lifelong learners
- Knowledgeable persons with deep understanding
- Complex thinkers
- Creative persons
- Active investigators
- Effective communicators
- Reflective and self-directed learners

Determine program outcomes based on standards and map to curriculum

Instruction not aligned with standards, learning outcomes, and assessments creates an achievement gap

Curriculum guides become well-intended fiction if instructors freelance

Discrepancy between intended curriculum & implemented curriculum = *curricular chaos*

EXHIBIT A

WILLIAM RAINIER HARPER COLLEGE
HEALTH CAREERS DIVISION
NORTHWEST COMMUNITY HEALTHCARE PARAMEDIC PROGRAM
COURSE SYLLABUS

EMS	215	PARAMEDIC: FIELD INTERNSHIP	(0/20)	4
Course Prefix	Course Number	Course Title	(Lec-Lab)	Credit Hours
		Connie J. Mattera, M.S., R.N., EMT-P Program Director Northwest Community Hospital 901 Kirchoff, EMS Office Arlington Heights, IL 60005 Office hours: M-F 0900-1700 Phone: 847.618.4480 Pager: 708.999.0141 cmattera@nch.org		

Dates: March 2- May 18, 2018 and/or until all objectives and patient care contacts are achieved; no later than June 13, 2018 unless an extension is granted
Time & location of classes: EMS agencies within the Northwest Community EMS System
Class days: Dates and times variable depending on preceptor schedules and agency policies

COURSE DESCRIPTION
This course integrates the theoretical concepts and practical skills acquired during EMS 210, 211, 212, 213, 217, and 218 and requires students to use higher order thinking and critical reasoning to safely care for patients in the out of hospital environment under the direct supervision of an approved paramedic preceptor. The internship is divided into two phases of ascending mastery and accountability with each having a minimum number of patient care contacts and competencies. A full description of the objectives and expectations is contained in the NCH Paramedic Program Student Handbook and on the internship forms. (NOTE: This course has an additional fee of \$1500 to cover the cost of preceptor supervision.)

Prerequisites for release to Field Internship:

- Successful completion of EMS 213
- All initial hospital clinical rotations (EMS 217 & 218) done except for the elective and paperwork submitted to J. Dyer
- All Findap entries for labs and EMS 217 and 218 entered by student and approved by J. Dyer
- All class-required simulated runs completed by student, submitted to and approved by J. Albert
- Eligible preceptor(s) identified by agency, approved by hospital educator, & paperwork submitted to C. Mattera
- Agency agreement to host students signed by authorized administrator and submitted to C. Mattera
- Hold harmless statement signed by student and forwarded to agency

TOPICAL OUTLINE
Students shall complete a minimum of the following:
I. Orientation to the internship
II. Phase I: Texas member with an emphasis on enhancing assessment and intervention skills.

Outcome points for EMS Education:

Graduates have achieved the competency in all three domains of learning required for practice that ensures the delivery of **safe, timely, efficient, effective, equitable, compassionate and person-centered care** to serve the health care needs of the population.

Must show competency in 3 domains of learning

Cognitive domain

Psychomotor domain

Must be here to graduate



Non-cognitive factors in education

Students must reframe failure as a learning experience rather than a label; learn from their failures to change their study strategy

They must learn metacognition – learn how to learn - and develop self-awareness; discover how they best take in, process, retain, retrieve and use information on the road to proficiency

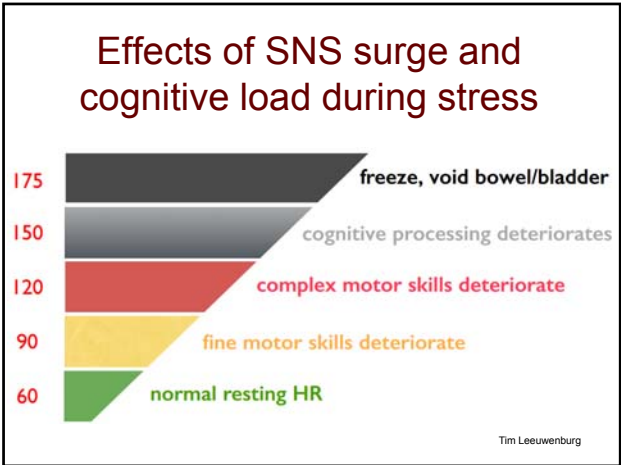
Expected outcomes of professional education

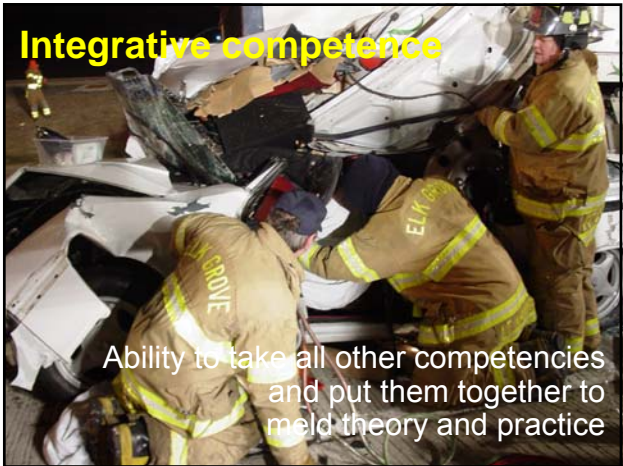
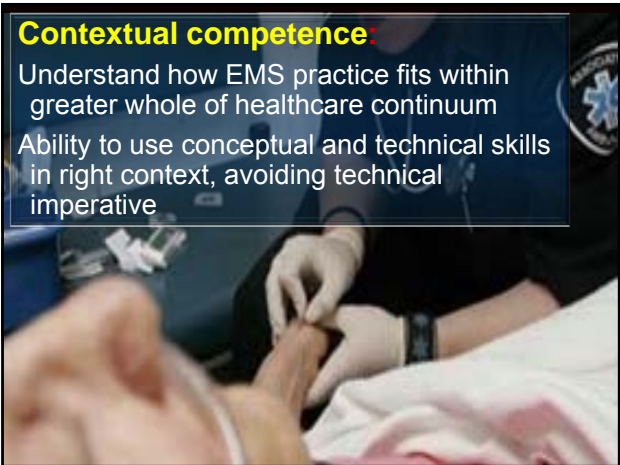
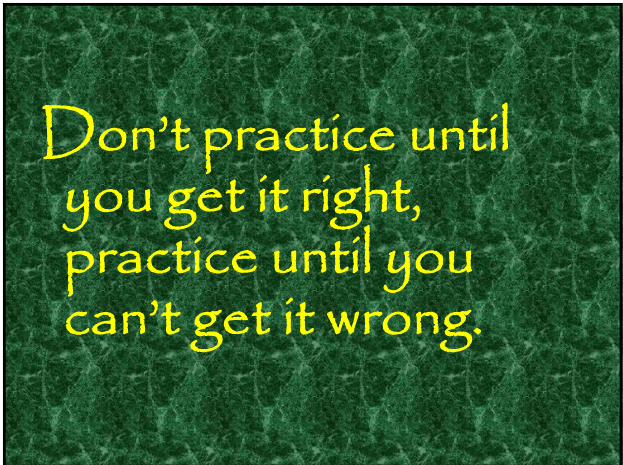
Conceptual competence:
Ability to understand theoretical foundations of the profession

Technical competence:
Proficiency in performing psychomotor skills

Under duress

We do not rise to our **expectations**
We fall to the level of our preparation & **training**





III EMS Summit 18 Education Report

Connie J. Mattera, MS, RN, EMT-P

[illegible]

2010 III EMS Strategic Plan

- | | |
|---|---|
| I | Work with the EMS Advisory Council's Education Subcommittee to review current literature for best practices across the emergency health care spectrum and replicate and evaluate these practices. |
| I | Adopt the National EMS Scope of Practice Models for all levels of EMS to serve as the minimum foundation for educational programs. |
| I | Require each program to measure competency in cognitive, psychomotor, and affective domains utilizing written examinations, site-specific practical examinations, and evaluating the behaviors specified in the National Education Standards. |
| I | Work with the EMS Advisory Council's Education Subcommittee to develop an EMS Educator mentoring and an auditing program for current educators. |

EMS
Scopes of
Practice
for Illinois
issued by
IDPH 5/16
based on
EMS MD
input


[illegible]

422 South Fifth Street, Fourth Floor • Springfield, Illinois 62701-1824 • www.dph.illinois.gov

MEMORANDUM

UPDATED
12/17

TO: All EMS System Coordinators
All EMS Medical Directors
All Regional EMS Coordinators

FROM: Jack R. Fleeharty, RN, EMT-P 
Chief, Division of EMS & Highway Safety
Illinois Department of Public Health

DATE: December 27, 2017

SUBJECT: Additional Expanded Scope of Practice

1. Utilization of nebulized Albuterol by the Emergency Medical Responder/FRD
2. Administration of Oral/ODT Ondansetron by the Emergency Medical Technician

1. Utilization of nebulized Albuterol by the Emergency Medical Responder/FRI
2. Administration of Oral/ODT Ondansetron by the Emergency Medical Technician
3. Additionally, the Department will propose changes that will require Paramedics achieve accreditation or have been issued a Letter of Review (LOR) by the for the EMS Professions (KOAEMSP) by December 31, 2020.

The State EMS Education Committee has volunteered to formulate education standards for initial course work in order to address their expanded scope of practice. Once developed, the Department will forward these recommendations to EMS Systems to be included to the standard curricula of initial course work. The new course work requirements will be implemented once the National Education Standards are published in the EMS Administration Rules. The access to incorporate the latest National Education

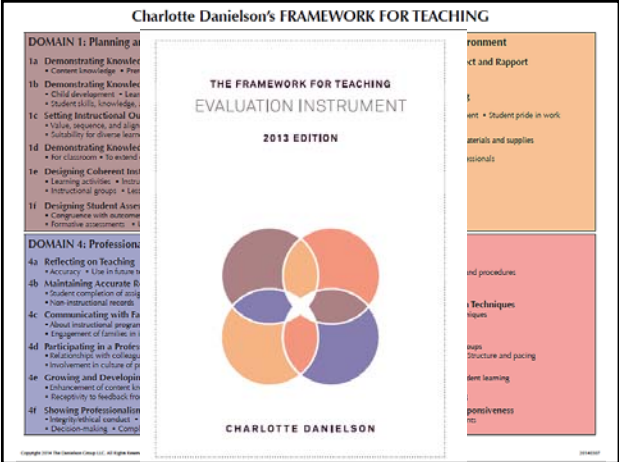
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EMS Instructor Qualifications

A Template to Assist States with
Implementing the EMS Education
Agenda for the Future: A Systems
Approach

National Association of State EMS Officials—December 2010
For more information: www.nasemso.org



Education/Training EMSWORLD

Are Paramedic Program Educators Overworked and Underresourced?

by Remie P. Crowe BS, NREMT, Melissa A. Bentley, BS, NREMT-P, Elliot Carhart, EdD, RRT, NRP, NCEE, Kim D. McKenna, MEd, RN, EMT-P On Jan 1, 2015

A third of educators had no access to peer-reviewed journals.
Photo credit: Photo @ iStockphoto/Thinkstock

TABLE 1: PARAMEDIC EDUCATOR DEMOGRAPHICS AND WORK-LIFE CHARACTERISTICS

	n (%)		n (%)
Gender		Currently Enrolled in Higher Education	
Male	25 (76.3)	Yes	11 (29.0)
Female	9 (23.7)	No	26 (67.0)
Highest Clinical Credential		Community Size	
EMS Professional	25 (55.8)	Rural (<25,000)	5 (13.2)
Respiratory Therapist	1 (2.6)	Urban (>25,000)	33 (86.8)
Nurse	4 (10.5)	Age	
Physician	3 (7.9)	Mean (SD)	54.2 (9.0)
Other	5 (13.2)	Experience as EMS Professional	
Highest Level of Education Completed		≤15 years	9 (24.3)
Some College	2 (5.3)	>15 years	26 (75.7)
Associate Degree	4 (10.5)	Experience as Paramedic Educator	
Bachelor's Degree	15 (39.5)	≤15 years	20 (52.6)
Master's Degree	13 (34.2)	>15 years	18 (47.4)
Doctoral Degree	4 (10.5)		

Discussion points EMS SYSTEM COORDINATOR ORIENTATION

Where referenced, use the IDPH System Manual as a resource guide

Content Area	Complete
1.0 National EMS Agencies/Resources	
1.1 National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA): www.nhtsa.gov	
• EMS Agenda for the Future (1996)	
• EMS Education Agenda for the Future A Systems Approach (2000)	
• EMS Research Agenda for the Future	
• EMS Core Content (2006)	
• EMS Scope of Practice Model (2007)	
• EMS Education Standards (2009) and Instructional Guidelines	
• 2002 National Guidelines for Educating EMS Instructors	
• EMT-P and EMT-I Continuing Education National Guidelines	
• 1995 Emergency Medical Dispatcher (EMD)	
• 1995 Emergency Vehicle Operators Course (Ambulance) Participant Manual	
• 1995 Emergency Vehicle Operators Course (Ambulance) Instructor Guide	
1.2 National Association of State EMS Officials (NASEMSO) – www.nasemso.org	
• Washington Update – subscribe for free	
• National EMS Education Standards Gap Analysis Template (2009)	
• NASEMSO Timeline for Implementation of the EMS Education Agenda (2010)	
• Transition Templates for all levels (2011)	
• Anticipated Production Schedules for EMS Textbooks and Materials (2010)	
• Matrix for Testing Transition (2010)	
• EMS Instructor Qualifications (2010)	
• EMS Program Accreditation Fact Sheet (2010)	
• AHA Guidelines for CPR & Emergency Cardiovascular Care Fact Sheet (2010)	
• Advocacy and Position Papers	
1.3 National Association of EMS Educators (NAEMSE): www.naemse.org	
• EMS Educator Courses Part I and II (Part I required for III Lead Instructor Status)	
• Annual Symposium	
• Training post – great resources for educational materials (members only section)	
• Advocacy, resources, publications, and position statements	

Education (D)

- 5. Require each educational program to develop lesson plans that meet or exceed the national core content and the minimum recommendations for hours and patient care experiences for providers at all levels.
- 5. Identify and promote acceptable emergency driving courses and identify equivalency requirements for all EMS responders.
- 5. Publish a listing of approved education programs on the Division of EMS webpage.
- 5. Require EMS System plans to have an education improvement plan that intersects with a clinical performance improvement plan.
 - o EMS will base annual education on needs identified during the clinical performance improvement.
- 5. In order to promote professionalism, advocate for EMS coursework to be changed from a vocational program to an academic program with the ability to earn an Associate's degree.

FAILING TO PLAN IS PLANNING TO FAIL

Connie J. Mattera, MS, RN, EMT-P
NWC, EMSS Administrative Director
Arlington Heights, IL

	EMR	EMT	A-EMT
Field Experience	• None required at this level	• The student must participate in and document patient contacts in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.	• The student must participate in and document team leadership in a field experience approved by the medical director and program director.
Course Length	• Course length is based on competency, not hours • Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Independent student preparation• Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education• Face-to-face instruction• Pre- or co-requisites • Course length is estimated to take approximately 48-60 didactic and laboratory clock hours	• Course length is based on competency, not hours • Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Independent student preparation• Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education• Face-to-face instruction• Pre- or co-requisites • Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-190 clock hours including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material	• Course length is based on competency, not hours • Course material can be delivered in multiple formats including but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Independent student preparation• Synchronous/Asynchronous distributive education• Face-to-face instruction• Pre- or co-requisites • Course length is estimated to take approximately 150-250 clock hours beyond EMT requirements including the four integrated phases of education (didactic, laboratory, clinical and field) to cover material
Course Design	• Provide the following components of instruction: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Didactic instruction• Skills laboratories	• Provide the following components of instruction: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Didactic instruction• Skills laboratories• Hospital/Clinical	Same as Previous Level

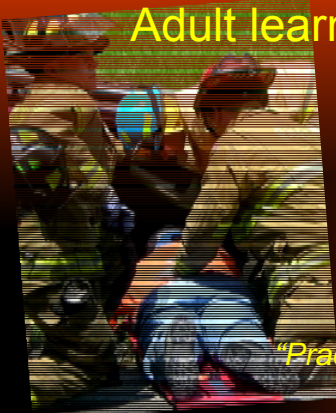


Education (D)	
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5	Require EMS System plans to have an education improvement plan that intersects with a clinical performance improvement plan. <ul style="list-style-type: none">EMS will base annual education on needs identified during the clinical performance improvement.
5	In order to promote professionalism, advocate for EMS coursework to be changed from a vocational program to an academic program with the ability to earn an Associate's degree .



NWC EMSS CE Instructor Lesson Plan: April 2018	
Topic: ACS, ECG/12 L interpretation, and dysrhythmia mgt	Intended learners: PMS, PHRNs, ECRNS
Class facilitators: In-station educators	Time allotment: 2 hours
Analysis: (Needs assessment)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Current literature, expert opinion, and national guidelines establish benchmarks for high performing EMS and hospital practice that identify EMS assessments, interventions and reporting plus advocate for rapid activation of cardiac alerts to minimize EMS to perfusion time as pivotal in achieving optimal patient outcomes with the goal of limiting cardiac damage and preserving function and quality of life. This includes identifying a person who is experiencing ACS and accurately interpreting cardiac rhythms and 12 Lead ECGs for evidence of ischemia or infarction. Optimal care also includes rapid deployment to the <u>call</u> lab with none or minimal time in the ED if there is evidence of STEM from the EMS 12 L tracing.Discussion with system members, review of patient records, and NWC EMSS PBPI data reveal that we have opportunity with respect to recognizing anginal equivalents, obtaining diagnostic quality 12 L tracings without artifact, reliably transmitting those tracings to appropriate persons prior to EMS arrival at the hospital and having the hospital's act on the cardiac alert in a timely manner to consistently meet EMS to perfusion targets; understanding and executing the appropriate use of NTG and dysrhythmia management; accurately interpreting and documenting cardiac rhythms and 12 L ECG findings without relying on the machine interpretation; and repeating 12 L ECGs.	
Participant prerequisites: Licensure as an EMS practitioner with ALS privileges or ECRN. Full understanding of NWC EMSS SOPs that address ACS and specific dysrhythmia management; competency in ECG rhythm and 12 L interpretation and competency in acquiring 12L ECG tracings per system procedure manual.	
National EMS Education Standards being addressed:	
Epidemiology, pathophysiology, psychosocial impact, presentations, prognosis, and management of (complex depth, comprehensive breadth): Acute coronary syndrome, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, and cardiac rhythm disturbances.	
Clinical behavior and judgment: Perform a comprehensive history and physical examination to identify factors affecting the health and health needs of a patient; formulate a field impression based on an analysis of comprehensive assessment findings, anatomy, physiology, pathophysiology, and epidemiology; relate assessment findings to underlying pathological and physiological changes in the patient's condition; integrate and synthesize the multiple determinants of health and clinical care.	
Psychomotor skills: Safely and effectively perform all psychomotor skills within the National EMS Scope of Practice Model AND state / local Scopes of Practice for their level of licensure: Assessment; ECG interpretation; 12-lead interpretation.	

NCCER—National Continued Competency Requirements						
Broad Topics—Sub Topics—Time in Hours						
Level	Topic	EMS		EMT		
		Time in Hours	Time in Hours	Time in Hours	Time in Hours	
Advanced	Ventilation	0.5	—	—	—	
	Cardiopulmonary	—	—	0.5	0.5	
	Cardiovascular	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	
	Total A&V Hours	1	1.5	2.5	3.5	
	Spinal Resuscitation	0.5	—	—	—	
	VALS	—	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	ARDS	0.5	—	—	—	
	Cardiac Arrest	0.5	2	2	2	
	Perioperative Cardiac Arrest	1	2	2	2	
	Code	—	—	—	—	
Intermediate	ARDS	—	—	—	—	
	Total Cardiorespiratory Hours	2.5	6	3	6.5	
	Trauma Triage	—	0.5	1	1	
	Child Injury	0.5	0.5	—	—	
	Neuroanatomy/Control	—	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Fluid Resuscitation	—	—	0.5	0.5	
	Trauma	Total Trauma Hours	0.5	1.5	2	3
		Surgical Inc. Needs	—	1.5	—	—
		CRS Emergencies	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
		Infectious Diseases	0.10	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ventilation Circuitry		—	—	—	—	
Pain Management		—	0.5	1	1	
Resuscitation		0.10	0.5	—	—	
Transfusion/Coagulation		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Neurological/Seizures		0.5	—	—	—	
Endotracheal/Obstructions		0.5	1	1	1	
Medical	Neurological	0.5	0.5	—	—	
	Total Medical Hours	3	6	3.5	6.5	
	ARDS Resuscitation	—	—	0.5	0.5	
	Amniotic Sac	—	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Field Triage	0.5	—	—	—	
	Hypertension/Obstruction	0.10	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Culture of Specimens	0.10	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Respiratory Tract/Specimens	0.10	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Crew Resource Mgmt	—	0.5	0.5	1	
	Research	—	0.5	0.5	1	
Operations	Evidence Based Guidelines	—	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	Total Operations Hours	1	5	3	6.5	
	Wilderness	—	—	—	—	
	**A&V=Airway, Respiration, Ventilation					



Adult learners

Learning must be embedded in authenticity

Theory must have real world application

"Practice like we play!"



Adults thrive with:

- Problem-based learning
- Collaborative learning
- Situated learning
- Experiential learning
- Learning contracts

Learning contracts (Knowles)

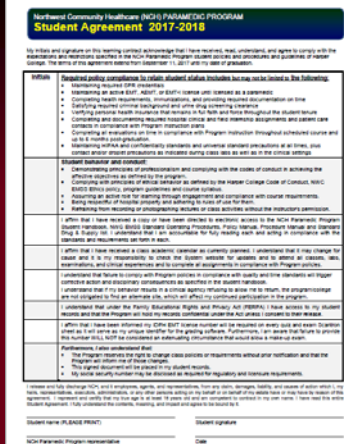
Building blocks to contract learning

- Syllabus communicates goals, objectives and outcome competencies to students & preceptors
- Objectives mapped to methods, materials, and outcome measures
- Students/preceptors sign agreements
- Achievement is evaluated & documented
- Validated by Terminal Competency forms
- Outcomes measured to determine if contracts fulfilled desired results

Learning contracts

Purpose

Specifies layers of rights, obligations, deliverables, expectations, consents and agreements



Paramedic graduate Terminal Competency Form

Name of Paramedic Program: **Northwest Community Healthcare**
Program Number: **600790**

We hereby certify that the candidate listed below has successfully completed all Terminal Competencies in the cognitive, psychomotor, and affective domains required for graduation from the NCH Paramedic Education Program. He or she is affirmed as a safe and compassionate entry-level Paramedic and as such is eligible to sit for the National Certification written and practical examinations or the State of Illinois Paramedic written exam leading to licensure in accordance with our published policies and procedures.

Name of graduate: _____

PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS successfully and fully completed on: _____

☒ Written Modular Examinations all successfully completed
EMS 210 EMS 211 EMS 212 EMS 213 EMS 216 (Cumulative final)

☒ Practical Exams all successfully completed

☒ Portfolio complete: All program required skill competencies completed

☒ EMS 217 and 218 Hospital Clinicals: All rotations and tracking records completed, Field entries accepted

☒ All simulated Patient Care Reports submitted and approved

☒ EMS 215 complete: Phase 1 & 2 meetings completed and recommendation for graduation given by Field preceptor, Provider EMSAC and Hospital EMS Educator.

☒ Field Internship Paperwork and Tracking Records complete, submitted, and acceptable

☒ Affective objectives met or exceeded

☐ Student counseling form(s), IEP successfully completed as applicable

Medical Director (signature & date): _____

Program Director (signature & date): _____

Paramedic Program Educator (signature & date): _____

Paramedic Program Clinical Coordinator (signature & date): _____

NCH Paramedic Program OUTCOMES SUMMARY

Name of Paramedic Program: **Northwest Community Healthcare**
COATEMP Program Number: **600790**

	Graduation year - class of			
	2016	2015	2014	2013
Enrollment	30	30	30	30
Graduates	28	27	28	
Outcome achievement				
Admission	7%	10%	10%	
Retention	32%	32%	32%	
Effective placement	26%	26%	26%	
100% within 1% of grade attempting	100%	100%	100%	
100% within 1% of grade successful	100%	100%	100%	
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100% practical 1% of grade attempting	100%	100%	100%	
100% practical 1% of grade successful				

Once outcome data collected,
create and post action plans for
each domain of learning

2016-2017 Assessment Plan and Results with Actions: Paramedic Program				
Outcome	Assessment Year and Method	Criteria for Success	Results	Met (Y/N) Use of Results
PM graduates will consistently demonstrate entry-level competency in the psychomotor domain without critical error.	2017 graduate and employer survey	Graduates and employers report that recent program graduates demonstrated entry-level competency in the psychomotor portion of the surveys with a minimum threshold of 3.5/5 for each individual measurement metric.	Students (20/20) rated this area as an average of 4.5/5. Employer survey demonstrated entry-level competency in the psychomotor domain.	Y These results for exceeded threshold. We will continue to monitor graduate and employer surveys.
Integrate theory and practice to competently perform the role of a paramedic.	2017 EMS State and National Registry Exam Results	96% candidates pass rate for graduates taking the National Registry written & practical exams or the Illinois State (ISPT) exam.	28 students ultimately eligible to test. NREMT written exam: 100% pass rate. NREMT practical exam: 100% pass rate. State of Illinois written exam: 2/2 (100%) passed.	Y These results for exceeded the NREMT and State of Illinois average pass rates. We will continue to monitor all class results and post them to the NROC (EMS) website.
PM graduates will consistently demonstrate entry-level competency in the cognitive domain without critical error.	2017 graduate and employer survey	Graduates and employers report that recent program graduates demonstrated entry-level competency in the cognitive portion of the surveys with a minimum threshold of 3.5/5 for each individual measurement metric.	Students (20/20) rated this area an average of 4.5/5. Employer survey demonstrated entry-level competency in the cognitive domain.	Y These results for exceeded threshold. We will continue to monitor graduate and employer surveys.
PM graduates will consistently demonstrate entry-level competency in the affective domain without critical error.	2017 graduate and employer survey	Graduates and employers report that recent program graduates demonstrated entry-level competency in the affective portion of the surveys with a minimum threshold of 3.5/5 for each individual measurement metric.	Students (20/20) rated this area an average of 4.5/5. Employer survey demonstrated entry-level competency in the affective domain.	Y These results for exceeded threshold. We will continue to monitor graduate and employer surveys.

Program Directors
& Lead Instructors

Lead instructor
provisions in
EMS Rules and
Regulations
section 515.700

<http://www.ilga.gov/committees/jcar/admin/code/077/07700515sections.html>

77 ILCS ADMINISTRATIVE CODE CHAPTER 15.100 SUBCHAPTER 1	
SUBPART E: EMS LEAD INSTRUCTOR, EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCHER, FIRST RESPONDER, PRE-HOSPITAL REGISTERED NURSE, EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS REGISTERED NURSE, AND TRAUMA NURSE SPECIALIST	
Section 515.700	EMS Lead Instructor
a) ALL EDUCATION, TRAINING AND CONTINUING EDUCATION COURSES FOR EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-P, PRE-HOSPITAL RN, ICN, FIRST RESPONDER AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCHER, AND BE COORDINATED BY AT LEAST ONE APPROVED EMS LEAD INSTRUCTOR. A PROGRAM MAY USE MORE THAN ONE EMS LEAD INSTRUCTOR. A SINGLE EMS LEAD INSTRUCTOR MAY SIMULTANEOUSLY COORDINATE MORE THAN ONE PROGRAM OR COURSE. (Effective 3/6/2015 of the Act)	
b) To apply to take the EMS Lead Instructor's examination, the candidate shall submit:	
1) Documentation of experience and education in accordance with subsection (c) of this section;	
2) A fee of \$50 in the form of a money order or certified check made payable to the Department (cash or a personal check will not be accepted);	
3) A letter from the EMS Medical Director saying he/she will approve the course conducted by the candidate;	
4) An EMS Lead Instructor application form prescribed by the Department, which shall include, but not be limited to name, address, and resume.	
c) An EMS Lead Instructor shall meet at least the following minimum experience and education requirements:	
1) A current license as an EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-P, RN or physician;	
2) A minimum of four years of experience in pre-hospital emergency care;	
3) At least two years of documented teaching experience;	
4) Documented classroom teaching experience, i.e., BCLS, PHTLS, CPR, Pediatric Advanced Life Support (PALS);	
5) Documented successful completion of the Illinois EMS Instructor Education Course or equivalent in the National Standard Curriculum for EMS Instructors.	
d) Upon the applicant's completion of the EMS Lead Instructor examination with a score of at least 80 percent, the Department will approve the individual to an EMS Lead Instructor. The approval will be valid for four years.	



LI Course & testing

NAEMSE Instructor I (IC1) course accepted by IDPH as state course required in EMS Rules

NAEMSE IC1 exam qualifies for Illinois LI exam

Minimum score 80% required for IL



NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF EMS EDUCATORS

To apply to host a class, go to
NAEMSE website and
complete this request form

250 Mt. Lebanon Blvd. Ste. 209
Pittsburgh, PA 15234
Phone: 412-343-4775
Fax: 412-343-4770
Email: naemse@naemse.org

NAEMSE PROGRAM LOCATION REQUEST FORM

DATE OF REQUEST SUBMISSION: _____

PERSON / ORGANIZATION MAKING REQUEST & CONTACT INFORMATION (phone number and email address required): _____

INSTRUCTOR COURSE 1 ☐ EVALUATING STUDENT COMPETENCY ☐

INSTRUCTOR COURSE 2 ☐

LOCATION OF REQUESTED COURSE (specify city, state, and facility): _____

INTERESTED DATE(S) FOR COURSE (month, year): _____

REQUIRED SPECIFICS OF COURSE SITE:

Room that can be reserved to hold 40 participants with round or square tables, 8 people per table. (Cannot be an auditorium/theater style)	YES <input type="checkbox"/>	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
--	------------------------------	-----------------------------

2010 III EMS Strategic Plan

- I Work with the EMS Advisory Council's Education Subcommittee to review current literature for best practices across the emergency health care spectrum and replicate and evaluate these practices.
- I Adopt the National EMS Scope of Practice Models for all levels of EMS to serve as the minimum foundation for educational programs.
- I Require each program to measure competency in cognitive, psychomotor, and affective domains utilizing written examinations, site-specific practical examinations, and evaluating the behaviors specified in the National Education Standards.
- I Work with the EMS Advisory Council's Education Subcommittee to develop an EMS Educator mentoring and an auditing program for current educators.



Item Writing for EMS Educators

Connie J. Mattera, M.S., R.N., EMT-P
cmattera@nch.org
EMS Administrative Director,
NWC EMSS

Series of state-wide workshops completed several years ago - Need for more?

Testing (C)

- Conduct a needs and cost benefit analysis, and provide a recommendation to EMS Advisory Council as to whether Illinois should continue to administer validated state EMT examinations or utilize the National Registry of EMT examination service.
- If the result of the above analysis reflects that the best method for initial licensure is the National Registry of EMT examination:
 - Initiate discussion with NREMT regarding the possibility of waiving the practical examination requirements unless an individual wishes to obtain the NREMT designation.
- Work with the Trauma Advisory Council and Trauma Nurse Specialist Coordinators to amend sections of the EMS & Trauma Center Code pertaining to TNS course and testing criteria.
- Conduct a cost benefit analysis to determine the feasibility of offering computerized testing.

Division of EMS & Highway Safety
Strategic Plan – September 2010

Page 22

Illinois graduates may take the NREMT exams or the IDPH state exam

National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians

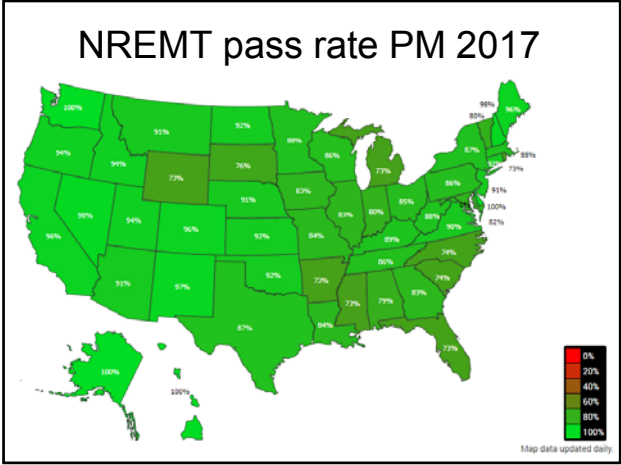
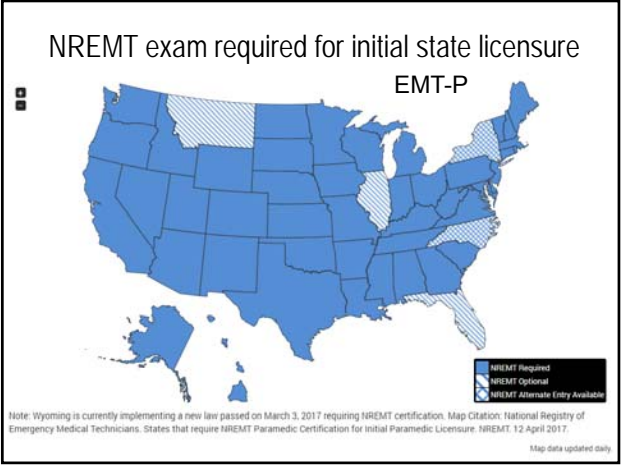
NATIONAL EMS CERTIFICATION

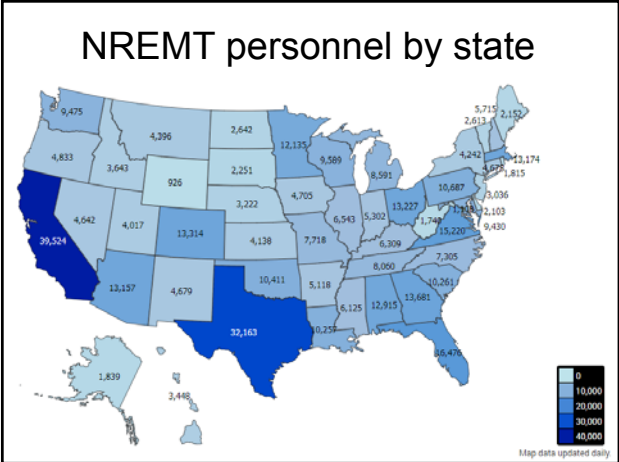
LOGIN / REGISTER

VERIFY NATIONAL EMS CERTIFICATION

NATIONAL CERTIFICATION LEVELS

- Emergency Medical Responder
- Emergency Medical Technician
- Advanced EMT





NREMT EXAMINATIONS UPDATE

Amanda Broussard, B.Ed, NRP
Director of Examinations and Operations

Drew Dawson will be here June 7th – EMS Forum

2010 III EMS Strategic Plan

Education (D)

- 5 Require each educational program to develop lesson plans that meet or exceed the national core content and the minimum recommendations for hours and patient care experiences for providers at all levels.
- 5 Identify and promote acceptable emergency driving courses and identify equivalency requirements for all EMS responders.
- 5 Publish a listing of approved education programs on the Division of EMS webpage.
- 5 Require EMS System plans to have an education improvement plan that intersects with a clinical performance improvement plan.
 - EMS will base annual education on needs identified during the clinical performance improvement.
- 5 In order to promote professionalism, advocate for EMS coursework to be changed from a vocational program to an academic program with the ability to earn an Associate's degree.

In addition to EMS 110 and PM certificate coursework:
Required general education and support courses for the Associate in Applied Science (AAS) Emergency Medical Services Degree:

A grade of C or better in all BIO, EMS, (EMS 214 and EMS 215 with a grade of P), and NUR courses is required for all students.

BIO 160	Human Anatomy	4
BIO 161	Human Physiology	4
Electives		4
ENG 101	Composition	3
NUR 210	Physical Assessment	2
SOC 101+	Introduction to Sociology	3
SPE 101	Fund. of Speech Communication	3
Total credit hours for AAS degree		70

1Electives: BIO 130, CHM 100, HSC 104, or HSC 213
+ This course meets World Cultures and Diversity graduation requirement.

OLIVET NAZARENE UNIVERSITY

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877.965.4838

Programs Admissions News & Events About Us For Students

HOME - PROGRAMS - NURSING - ACCELERATED BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING FOR PARAMEDICS

ACCELERATED BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING FOR PARAMEDICS

The Accelerated Bachelor of Science in Nursing for Paramedics (ABSNP) is designed for individuals who

Interdisciplinary and bridging programs provide ways for EMS providers to enhance their credentials or transition to other health careers, and for other health care professionals to acquire EMS credentials

Must facilitate work force adaptation as community health needs and EMS roles evolve

Illinois EMS EDUCATION COMMITTEE DRAFT POLICY 10-23-17

Policy Title: **PREHOSPITAL RN: Education, Certification, Recertification** Page: 1 of 3

I. **PREHOSPITAL R.N. DEFINED**


A "Prehospital Registered nurse (PHRN) is a registered **progression professional** nurse licensed under the Illinois Nursing Act who has successfully completed supplemental education in accordance with rules adopted by the Department pursuant to the Act and who is approved by an EMS Medical Director (EMS MD) to practice within an EMS System as emergency medical services personnel for pre-hospital and inter-hospital emergency care and non-emergency medical transports" (Section 3.80 of the Act). This individual was formerly called a Field RN.

**Completed work with unanimous consensus on ECRN guidelines
Current Committee project – will vote on PHRN draft at April 2018 meeting**

competence through completion of accredited education programs. Curricula standards for such programs are commonly based on such benchmarks as the National EMS Education Standards and the National EMS Scope of Practice model. While such models identify the range of skills and roles that EMS providers at specified certification levels should be able to perform, they do not authorize the local practice of EMS medicine. Authorization to practice is a function of state licensure and local credentialing by the EMS physician medical director (NAEMSP & NREMT, 2016).

C. The process of credentialing specifically involves the attestation by an EMS physician medical director that the EMS provider possesses required competencies in the domains of cognitive, affective, and psychomotor abilities. These aptitudes must be shown in the application of clinically oriented critical thinking, particularly in situations germane to that

Military to medic education



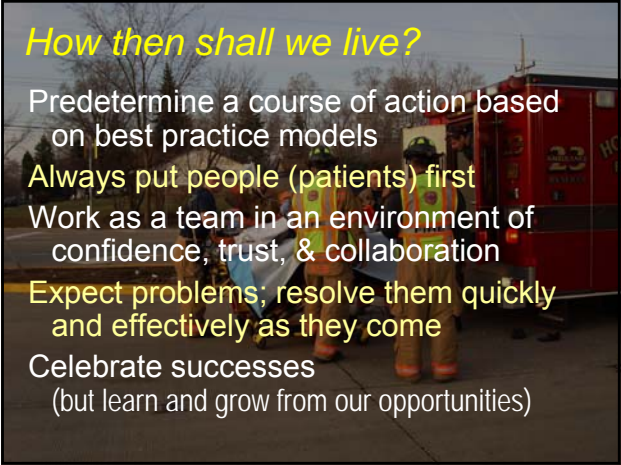
MILITARY TO CIVILIAN EMS PROJECT
Continuum of Patient Care

5 Implementation of Public Act 96-0540 (Military Education)

- Develop criteria for the comparison of military education provided through the various divisions of the armed services in comparison to the Department of Transportation national curriculum and the new education standards that will be adopted in January of 2013.
- Standardize a process in which a veteran can have his/her military training evaluated to determine at what level he/she would qualify to test within the State of Illinois for an Emergency Medical Technician license.

How then shall we live?

Predetermine a course of action based on best practice models
Always put people (patients) first
Work as a team in an environment of confidence, trust, & collaboration
Expect problems; resolve them quickly and effectively as they come
Celebrate successes
(but learn and grow from our opportunities)



Live to bring a glimmer of heaven to earth in your selfless acts of service.



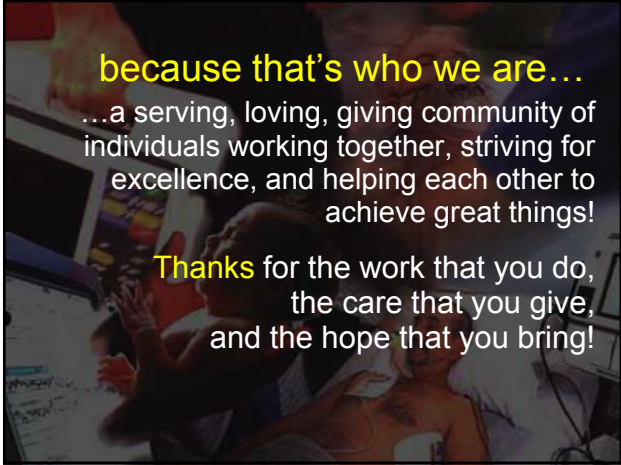


Service is love made visible.
Friendship is love made personal.
Kindness is love made tangible.
Giving is love made believable.

because that's who we are...

...a serving, loving, giving community of individuals working together, striving for excellence, and helping each other to achieve great things!

Thanks for the work that you do, the care that you give, and the hope that you bring!



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Questions?
Comments?
Concerns?
Suggestions?
Send me a note (e-mail)

