NWC EMSS Skill Performance Record Mechanical Circulatory Support (MCS) using a Ventricular Assist Device

Name:	1 st attempt:	Pass	□ Repeat
Date:	2 nd attempt:	Pass	□ Repeat

Notes: Unit runs on electricity provided by a Power Base Unit (PBU) during stationary use or by rechargeable batteries worn during mobile use. Because blood bypasses aortic valve, there may be no pulse, especially with continuous flow pumps.

Performance standard 0 Step omitted (or leave blank) 1 Not yet competent: Unsuccessful; required critical or excess prompting; marginal or inconsistent technique		Attempt 2 rating
2 Successful; competent with correct timing, sequence & technique , no prompting necessary		
*State purpose of MCS: Assist a failing heart by taking blood out of LV, through the pump, & back into ascending aorta – reduces need for native heart to pump blood through aortic valve, reducing cardiac workload & O ₂ demand.		
 Response to a pt. with a VAD Call VAD Coordinator immediately if known – phone number from pt or caregiver or one of the listed centers below if specific Coordinator unknown Get history/instructions, VAD parameters from family/caregiver. Patients will be on anticoagulation medications – get list of all meds Patients will often have pacemakers and/or Internal Cardioverter Devices (ICDs). Ask if pt is looking, feeling, or acting differently than their baseline 		
 Decision tree responsive patient Assess ABCs: SpO₂ waveforms may be flat; without amplitude despite accurate readings If breathing labored; O₂ per SOP Assess circulation: May NOT have a pulse (NORMAL); check cap refill, color, temp, mental status Listen for VAD sounds LUQ (when working device makes a quiet whiling sound) Look and listen for alarms; pt & caregivers can help troubleshoot alarms 		
Decision tree unresponsive patients Airway, breathing assessment/Rx per SOP Quick check for driveline or wire existing abdomen, batteries, cable, system controller Caution removing clothes, especially using trauma scissors – DON"T CUT CABLES OR WIRES Assess circulation: May NOT have a pulse (NORMAL); check cap refill, color, temp, mental status Listen for VAD sounds LUQ (when working device makes a quiet whiling sound) Look and listen for alarms; pt & caregivers can help troubleshoot alarms – see below Consider other causes of AMS: stroke, cardiogenic shock, respiratory arrest, hyper or hypoglycemia – Rx per SOP		
State common causes of VAD alarms		
Pt not connected to power properly □ Check all connections; fix loose connections □ ✓ Driveline connection to System Controller □ ✓ System Controller to battery clip □ ✓ Batteries "engaged" in battery clips – NEVER DISCONNECT BOTH BATTERIES AT THE SAME TIME or pump will stop □ ✓ System controller in cable connected to wall unit □ Have pt/caregiver show how to silence alarms, use a hand pump if applicable		
Patient condition exists where low or no flow (cardiac output) is present		
 Do they appear to be in cardiogenic shock? Can be from electrical disruption to pump or pump malfunction (rare) If yes, start SOPs; contact VAD Coordinator – provide assessments and VAD parameters if able Transport to nearest VAD Center if possible; if no airway – transport to nearest hospital Avoid external chest compressions if possible: Pose a risk due to location of outflow graft on aorta & inflow conduit in the LV apex. Dislodgement could lead to fatal hemorrhage. Contact VAD Coordinator for instructions re: CPR. Get instructions for hand pumping if applicable. CHEST COMPRESSIONS ARE ALLOWED if patient is unconscious and non-breathing. 		
ECG findings:		
VADs fix the plumbing - electrical conduction system should be intact; Do NOT expect asystole; pt may be conscious w/ V-fib		
 ECG waveforms may have a lot of artifact due to the device. Can have dysrhythmias but are better tolerated because pump continues to function despite irregular rhythm – Rx dysrhythmias with drugs per SOP 		
Caveats on DEFIBRILLATION		

0 1 2	Performance standard Step omitted (or leave blank) Not yet competent: Unsuccessful; required critical or excess prompting; marginal or inconsistent technique Successful; competent with correct timing, sequence & technique , no prompting necessary	Attempt 1 rating	Attempt 2 rating
	jority of VAD pts can be shocked without disconnecting the percutaneous lead from the System Controller or stopping the mp prior to delivering the shock; but older units may need to be disconnected first and hand pumped before defib Contact VAD Coordinator BEFORE defibrillating Only shock if pt. is unresponsive with poor perfusion/decreased circulation per cap refill (remember, no pulse is normal) and if you cannot contact VAD coordinator Do not defibrillate over the pump; defibrillate at nipple line or above. Anterior-posterior pad placement preferred. Warning: If VAD stops operating & blood is stagnant in pump & conduits for > a few min (depending on pt's anticoagulated state) there is risk of stroke and/or thromboembolism if device is restarted. Retrograde flow may occur during pump stoppage.		
Tra	ansport to nearest VAD center if possible		
	ing all VAD equipment if possible: batteries, battery clips, power base, plugs, battery charger (pt nnot be out of power)		
All	ow family member/caregiver to ride in ambulance if possible		
No	tes: NO MRIs - CT Scans are ok; avoid water submersion; avoid contact with strong magnets or magnetic fields		

Scoring: All steps must be independently performed in correct sequence with appropriate timing and all starred (*) items must be explained/ performed correctly in order for the person to demonstrate competency. Any errors or omissions of these items will require additional practice and a repeat assessment of skill proficiency.

Rating: (Select 1)

- □ **Proficient**: The paramedic can sequence, perform and complete the performance standards independently, with expertise and to high quality without critical error, assistance or instruction.
- **Competent:** Satisfactory performance without critical error; minimal coaching needed.
- Practice evolving/not yet competent: Did not perform in correct sequence, timing, and/or without prompts, reliance on procedure manual, and/or critical error; recommend additional practice

CJM 6/19

Preceptor (PRINT NAME - signature)

Illinois Mechanical Circulatory Support Implant Centers Advocate Christ Medical Center - Oak Lawn 1-877-684-4327 847-437-5500 ask operator to page Amita Health Alexian Brothers Medical Center LVAD Coordinator Loyola University Medical Center - Maywood 1-708-216-8000 Northwestern Memorial Hospital - Chicago 1-312-695-9611 Rush University Medical Center - Chicago 1-312-656-6813 **OSF Saint Francis Medical Center - Peoria** 1-309-655-4101 1-773-753-1880 id# 4823 University of Chicago Medical Center - Chicago



Heartmate XVE & Heartmate II

